

# Calendar No. 78

107TH CONGRESS }  
1st Session }

SENATE

{ REPORT  
{ 107-36

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## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2002

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JUNE 29, 2001.—Ordered to be printed

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Mr. BYRD, from the Committee on Appropriations,  
submitted the following

### REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 2217]

The Committee on Appropriations to which was referred the bill (H.R. 2217) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, and for other purposes, reports the same to the Senate with an amendment and recommends that the bill as amended do pass.

*Amounts in new budget (obligational) authority, fiscal year 2002*

Amount of bill passed by House .....	\$18,863,855,000
Amount of decrease by Senate .....	200,321,000
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Total of bill as reported to Senate .....	18,663,534,000
Estimates considered by House .....	18,072,635,000
Estimates considered by Senate .....	18,072,635,000
Above the budget estimate, 2002 .....	590,899,000
Below appropriations, 2001 (including emer- gencies) .....	114,486,000

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## SUMMARY OF BILL

For this bill, estimates totaling \$18,072,635,000 in new obligational authority were considered by the Committee for the programs and activities of the agencies and bureaus of the Department of the Interior, except the Bureau of Reclamation, and the following related agencies:

Department of Agriculture:

Forest Service.

Department of Energy:

Clean coal technology.

Fossil energy research and development.

Naval petroleum and oil shale reserves.

Elk Hills School lands fund.

Energy conservation.

Economic regulation.

Strategic petroleum reserve.

SPR petroleum account.

Energy Information Administration.

Department of Health and Human Services:

Indian Health Service.

Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation.

Institute of American Indian and Alaska Native Culture and Arts Development.

Smithsonian Institution.

National Gallery of Art.

John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts.

Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars.

National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities:

National Endowment for the Arts.

National Endowment for the Humanities.

Institute of Museum and Library Services.

Challenge America Arts Funds.

Commission of Fine Arts.

Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.

National Capital Planning Commission.

Holocaust Memorial Council.

Presidio Trust.

## REVENUE GENERATED BY AGENCIES IN BILL

Oil and gas leasing and other mineral leasing activities, recreation and user fees, the timber and range programs, and oil production from the naval petroleum reserves are estimated to generate income to the Government of \$10,206,430,000 in fiscal year 2002. These estimated receipts, for agencies under the subcommittee's jurisdiction, are tabulated below:

Item	Fiscal year—		
	2000	2001	2002
Department of the Interior .....	\$8,996,349,000	\$11,080,199,000	\$9,579,875,000
Forest Service .....	474,947,000	634,331,000	619,731,000
Naval petroleum reserves .....	9,450,000	7,836,000	6,824,000
Total receipts .....	9,480,836,000	11,722,366,000	10,206,430,000

### MAJOR CHANGES RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

In an effort to honor congressional spending limitations, the Committee has developed substantial revisions to the budget estimate for the 2002 fiscal year.

A comparative summary of funding in the bill by agency is shown by agency or principal program in the following table:

[In thousands of dollars]

	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate
Title I—Department of the Interior:		
Bureau of Land Management .....	1,859,084	+ 87,546
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service .....	1,271,165	+ 179,900
National Park Service .....	2,294,741	– 222,950
United States Geological Survey .....	892,474	+ 79,098
Minerals Management Service .....	158,051	+ 2,578
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement .....	305,590	+ 36,632
Bureau of Indian Affairs .....	2,230,389	+ 26,836
Departmental Offices .....	361,688	+ 16,418
General Provisions .....	.....	.....
Total, Title I—Department of the Interior .....	9,373,182	+ 206,058
Title II—Related agencies:		
Forest Service .....	3,815,574	+ 83,449
Department of Energy .....	(1,739,070)	(+ 236,390)
Clean Coal Technology .....	.....	.....
Fossil Energy Research and Development .....	570,390	+ 121,390
Alternative Fuels Production .....	– 2,000	.....
Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserves .....	17,371	.....
Elk Hills School Lands Fund .....	36,000	.....
Energy Conservation .....	870,805	+ 115,000
Economic Regulation .....	1,996	.....
Strategic Petroleum Reserve .....	169,009	.....
Energy Information Administration .....	75,499	.....
Indian Health Service .....	2,751,468	+ 44,659
Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation .....	15,148	.....
Institute of American Indian and Alaska Native Culture and Arts Development .....	4,490	.....
Smithsonian Institution .....	494,092	– 8
National Gallery of Art .....	83,187	+ 2,738
John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts .....	34,000	.....
Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars .....	7,796	.....
National Endowment for the Arts .....	98,234	.....
National Endowment for the Humanities .....	125,504	+ 5,000
Institute of Museum and Library Services .....	26,899	+ 2,000
Challenge America Arts Fund .....	17,000	+ 10,015

[In thousands of dollars]

	Committee recommendation	Committee recommendation compared with budget estimate
Commission of Fine Arts .....	1,174	- 100
National Capital Arts and Cultural Affairs .....	7,000	.....
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation .....	3,310	.....
National Capital Planning Commission .....	7,253	.....
Holocaust Memorial Council .....	36,028	.....
Presidio Trust .....	23,125	+ 698
<b>Total, Title II—Related Agencies .....</b>	<b>9,290,352</b>	<b>+ 384,841</b>
<b>Grand total, fiscal year 2001 .....</b>	<b>18,663,534</b>	<b>+ 590,899</b>

### CONSERVATION SPENDING CATEGORY

Title VIII of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001, created a separate conservation spending category within the Budget Act. This bill includes \$1,320,000,000 for programs that fall within that category, an amount \$94,257,000 above the budget request. The distribution of these funds is shown in the table below.

[In thousands of dollars]

Subcategory/Appropriation account	Fiscal year 2002		
	President's budget	House recommendation	Senate recommendation
<b>Federal, State and Other LWCF Programs:</b>			
BLM Federal Land Acquisition .....	47,686	47,686	45,686
FWS Federal Land Acquisition .....	104,401	104,401	108,401
NPS Federal Land Acquisition .....	107,036	107,036	123,036
FS Federal Land Acquisition .....	130,877	130,877	128,877
<b>Subtotal, Federal Land Acquisition .....</b>	<b>390,000</b>	<b>390,000</b>	<b>406,000</b>
<b>Stateside Grants (Recreation and Wildlife) .....</b>	<b>450,000</b>	.....	.....
NPS Stateside Grants .....	.....	154,000	164,000
State Wildlife Grants .....	.....	100,000	100,000
Competitive Grants for Indian Tribes .....	[10,000]	5,000	.....
FWS Incentive Grant Programs .....	60,000	60,000	60,000
<b>Subtotal, State and Other Grant Programs .....</b>	<b>510,000</b>	<b>319,000</b>	<b>324,000</b>
<b>Subtotal, LWCF .....</b>	<b>900,000</b>	<b>709,000</b>	<b>730,000</b>
<b>State and Other Conservation Programs:</b>			
FWS Coop. Endangered Species Conserv. Fund .....	54,694	107,000	91,000
FWS North American Wetlands Conserv. Fund .....	14,912	45,000	42,000
Neotropical Migratory Birds .....	.....	5,000	.....
USGS State Planning Partnerships .....	.....	25,000	25,000
FS, Forest Legacy .....	29,934	60,000	65,000
FS, Stewardship Incentives Program .....	.....	8,000	.....
<b>Subtotal .....</b>	<b>99,540</b>	<b>250,000</b>	<b>221,000</b>
<b>Urban and Historic Preservation Programs:</b>			
NPS Historic Preservation Fund .....	67,055	77,000	74,000
NPS Urban Parks and Recreation Recovery Grants .....	.....	30,000	20,000
FS Urban and Community Forestry .....	31,651	36,000	36,000
BLM Youth Conservation Corps .....	1,000	1,000	1,000

[In thousands of dollars]

Subcategory/Appropriation account	Fiscal year 2002		
	President's budget	House recommendation	Senate recommendation
FWS Youth Conservation Corps .....	2,000	2,000	2,000
NPS Youth Conservation Corps .....	2,000	2,000	2,000
FS Youth Conservation Corps .....	2,000	2,000	2,000
Subtotal .....	75,706	150,000	137,000
Payments in Lieu of Taxes:			
BLM—PILT <sup>1</sup> .....		50,000	50,000
FWS—National Wildlife Refuge Fund <sup>1</sup> .....		5,000	
Subtotal .....		55,000	50,000
Federal Infrastructure Improvement Programs:			
BLM FII—Management of Lands & Resources .....	25,000	28,000	28,000
FWS FII—Resource Management .....	25,000	28,000	31,000
NPS FII—Construction and ONPS .....	50,000	50,000	60,000
FS Deferred Maintenance Backlog .....	50,497	50,000	61,000
Subtotal .....	150,497	156,000	180,000
FS Total .....	244,959	286,877	292,877
DOI Total .....	980,784	1,033,123	1,027,123
Total, Conservation Spending Category .....	1,225,743	1,320,000	1,320,000

<sup>1</sup> Reflects only funds recommended as part of Conservation Spending Category.

### CLIMATE CHANGE RESEARCH

Several programs funded through this bill conduct science and technology research that are associated partly with global climate change. To the extent that the Committee has funded this work, it has done so based on each program's individual merits of contributing to issues associated with domestic energy production, national energy security, energy efficiency and cost savings, related environmental assessments, and general energy emission improvements. None of the funds provided in this bill are to be used to implement actions called for solely under the Kyoto protocol, prior to its ratification.

The Byrd-Hagel resolution passed in 1997 (S. Res. 98) remains the clearest statement of the will of the Senate with regard to the Kyoto protocol, and the Committee is committed to ensuring that the Administration not implement the Kyoto protocol without congressional consent. The Committee recognizes, however, that there are also longstanding energy research programs which have goals and objectives that, if met, could have positive effects on energy use and the environment. The Committee does not intend to preclude these programs from proceeding, provided they have been funded and approved by Congress.

To the extent future funding requests may be submitted which would increase funding for climate change activities prior to Senate consideration of the Kyoto protocol, the Administration must explain the components of the programs, their anticipated goals and objectives, the justification for any funding increases, a discussion of how success will be measured, and a clear definition of how

these programs are justified by goals and objectives independent of implementation of the Kyoto protocol.

#### COMMITTEE REPROGRAMMING GUIDELINES

The Committee's reprogramming guidelines were last published in the House and Senate reports accompanying the fiscal year 1998 Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act (H. Rep. 105-163, S. Rep. 105-56). While the Committee does not propose any changes to these guidelines, it does wish to make certain clarifications in an effort to prevent misunderstandings regarding the applicability of reprogramming procedures in certain situations.

Though a reprogramming is in part defined in the guidelines as a "reallocation of funds from one budget activity [or other applicable level of detail] to another," the guidelines also state that "any significant departure from the program described in the agency's budget justifications" shall be considered a reprogramming. This later portion of the definition encompasses the reallocation of funds within a budget activity, if such reallocation represents a "significant departure" from the description provided in the relevant budget justification. In this regard, the Committee would view as a "significant departure" any reallocation of funds within a budget activity for programs or contracts involving out-year mortgages that are not discussed in detail in the budget justification.

TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
FOREST SERVICE

FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$229,111,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	234,979,000
House allowance .....	236,979,000
Committee recommendation .....	242,822,000

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$242,822,000, which is an increase of \$7,843,000 above the budget request.

Increases above the request are \$5,000,000 for the Forest Inventory and Analysis program to further the goal of reducing the cycle times for completing inventory work, \$475,000 for the Forests Products Laboratory to conduct research on salvaging lumber for use in low income housing construction, \$500,000 for the Center for Bottomlands Research for a total of \$3,470,000, and \$868,000 for fixed costs. The Committee recommends that the Northeastern States Research Cooperative, as authorized in Public Law 105-185, receive \$2,400,000, \$1,000,000 above the request, with \$1,200,000 for ecosystem research at the Hubbard Brook Project of the U.S. Forest Service Northeastern Research Station and \$1,200,000 for economic development, forest management, and forest product research at the Vermont George Aiken School of Natural Resources.

The Committee further directs that funding for Sitka lab shall be no less than the fiscal year 2001 level of \$1,130,000, and that within the total amounts provided for forest and rangeland research \$175,000 shall be allocated for research on applied forest management issues of critical importance in the hardwood region of Pennsylvania and adjoining states.

The Committee directs the Forest Service to not transfer or abolish job positions or functions of the former Intermountain Research Center, including the position of Assistant Station Director for Research, that were in existence as of the date of enactment.

STATE AND PRIVATE FORESTRY

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$271,854,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	237,829,000
House allowance .....	277,771,000
Committee recommendation .....	287,331,000

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$287,331,000, an increase of \$49,502,000 above the budget estimate.

The following table provides a comparison of the budget estimate with the Committee recommendations:

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

## CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY

The United States depends on coal for 54 percent of its electric power generation. Natural gas use is expected to increase its current 14 percent share, but this gain is expected to be offset by declines in the contribution of nuclear power as aging reactors are retired. Solar energy contributes less than 2.5 percent of our present electric power consumption and growth in the use of solar technologies is generally constrained presently by their relatively high cost to generate power. Consequently, the Energy Information Administration projects that coal use will increase at least through the year 2020. This increased use means that coal will clearly continue to be a major contributor to our economy through the generation of inexpensive electric power.

Over the past 15 years, the Clean Coal Technology program has successfully demonstrated technologies to increase the efficiency of and reduce the emissions from coal-fired power plants and industrial facilities, to produce cleaner substitute fuels, and to expand the types of technologies available for the clean use of coal using fluidized-bed boilers and gasification technologies. Many of the technologies demonstrated are now commercially viable, and others form the basis for the Department's Fossil Energy research and development program.

In its fiscal year 2001 appropriation, the Committee provided funds to continue the Clean Coal Technology program and the Department of Energy is now in the process of reviewing various project solicitations. The Committee encourages the Department to continue this review with the goal of announcing project selections at the earliest possible date. The Committee directs the Secretary of Energy to consider a broad range of project proposals including, but not limited to, those that utilize lignite coal. For fiscal year 2002, the Committee has recommended the transfer of \$33,700,000 in previously appropriated Clean Coal Technology funds to the Fossil Energy Research and Development account to be used to support the Administration's Clean Coal Power Initiative, a much-needed follow on to the Clean Coal Technology program.

## FOSSIL ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

## (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$432,464,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	449,000,000
House allowance .....	579,000,000
Committee recommendation .....	570,390,000

The Committee recommends \$570,390,000 for fossil energy research and development. An additional \$33,700,000 is derived by transfer from the clean coal technology account and \$6,000,000 is derived from the use of prior year balances. The Committee's recommendation is \$137,926,000 above the fiscal year 2001 enacted level and \$124,090,000 above the budget request. The amounts recommended by the Committee as compared to the budget request are shown in the table below:

(In thousands of dollars)

	Budget estimate	Committee recommen- dation	Change
Clean coal power initiative .....	150,000	116,300	- 33,700
(By transfer from Clean Coal Technology) .....		(33,700)	(+ 33,700)
<b>Total, Program level .....</b>	<b>150,000</b>	<b>150,000</b>	
<b>Coal and Power Systems:</b>			
<b>Central Systems:</b>			
Innovations for existing plants .....	18,000	22,500	+ 4,500
<b>Advanced Systems:</b>			
Indirect fired cycle .....			
Integrated gasification combined cycle .....	35,000	43,000	+ 8,000
Advanced Combustion System (for- merly PFB) .....	8,000	11,000	+ 3,000
Turbines .....		20,500	+ 20,500
<b>Subtotal, Advanced Systems .....</b>	<b>43,000</b>	<b>74,500</b>	<b>+ 31,500</b>
<b>Power plant improvement initiative (transfer from Clean Coal) .....</b>			
<b>Subtotal, Central Systems .....</b>	<b>61,000</b>	<b>97,000</b>	<b>+ 36,000</b>
<b>Distributed Generation Systems—Fuel Cells:</b>			
Advanced research .....	1,000	4,000	+ 3,000
Fuel cell systems .....	11,500	13,500	+ 2,000
Vision 21-hybrids .....	11,500	13,500	+ 2,000
Innovative concepts .....	21,124	21,124	
<b>Subtotal, Distributed Generation Sys- tems—Fuel Cells .....</b>	<b>45,124</b>	<b>52,124</b>	<b>+ 7,000</b>
<b>Sequestration R&amp;D: Greenhouse gas control .....</b>	<b>20,677</b>	<b>32,177</b>	<b>+ 11,500</b>
<b>Fuels:</b>			
Transportation fuels and chemicals .....	5,000	24,500	+ 19,500
Solid fuels and feedstocks .....	2,000	5,000	+ 3,000
Advanced fuels research .....		4,450	+ 4,450
Steelmaking feedstock .....			
<b>Subtotal, Fuels .....</b>	<b>7,000</b>	<b>33,950</b>	<b>+ 26,950</b>
<b>Advanced Research:</b>			
Coal utilization science .....	6,250	6,250	
Materials .....	7,000	8,000	+ 1,000
Technology crosscut .....	8,750	10,750	+ 2,000
University coal research .....	3,000	3,000	
HBCUs, education and training .....	1,000	1,000	
<b>Subtotal, Advanced Research .....</b>	<b>26,000</b>	<b>29,000</b>	<b>+ 3,000</b>
<b>Subtotal, Coal and Power Systems .....</b>	<b>159,801</b>	<b>244,251</b>	<b>+ 84,450</b>

(In thousands of dollars)

	Budget estimate	Committee recommen- dation	Change
Gas:			
Natural Gas Technologies:			
Exploration and production .....	9,350	17,350	+ 8,000
Gas hydrates .....	4,750	9,800	+ 5,050
Infrastructure .....	5,050	10,050	+ 5,000
Emerging processing technology applica- tions .....	250	3,250	+ 3,000
Effective environmental protection .....	1,600	2,600	+ 1,000
Subtotal, Gas .....	21,000	43,050	+ 22,050
Petroleum—Oil Technology:			
Exploration and production supporting re- search .....	20,350	26,350	+ 6,000
Reservoir life extension/management .....	4,849	7,949	+ 3,100
Effective environmental protection .....	5,300	10,700	+ 5,400
Emerging processing technology applications ....	.....	.....	.....
Ultra clean fuels .....	.....	.....	.....
Use of SPR petroleum account .....	.....	.....	.....
Subtotal, Petroleum—Oil Technology .....	30,499	44,999	+ 14,500
Cooperative R&D .....	.....	11,240	+ 11,240
Fossil energy environmental restoration .....	9,500	9,500	.....
Import/export authorization .....	1,000	2,400	+ 1,400
Headquarters program direction .....	14,700	18,700	+ 4,000
Energy Technology Center program direction .....	55,300	67,300	+ 12,000
General plant projects .....	2,000	13,450	+ 11,450
Advanced Metallurgical Processes: Advanced met- allurgical processes .....	5,200	5,200	.....
Use of prior year balances .....	.....	- 6,000	- 6,000
Total, Fossil Energy Research and Develop- ment .....	449,000	570,390	+ 121,390

*Coal and Power Systems.*—Increases above the budget request include \$4,500,000 in central systems/innovations for existing plants, of which \$3,500,000 is for mercury control and PM 2.5 monitoring, and \$1,000,000 is for Vision 21. In central systems/advanced systems, increases include \$8,000,000 for IGCC programs, of which \$4,000,000 is for the Wilsonville facility, and \$4,000,000 is for Vision 21 (\$3,000,000 of which is for the ITM oxygen research); \$3,000,000 in advanced combustion systems (formerly called pressurized fluidized bed systems) for Vision 21; and \$20,500,000 in turbines, \$2,500,000 of which is for Vision 21, \$13,000,000 of which is for the next generation turbine program (including \$3,000,000 for ramgen technology), and \$5,000,000 of which is for syngas application in advanced turbine systems.

In distributed generation/fuel cells, there are increases above the request of \$3,000,000 for advanced research, \$2,000,000 of which is for the establishment of an electro-chemical engineering program; \$2,000,000 in fuel cell systems for molten carbonate research; and

\$2,000,000 for Vision 21/hybrids. In sequestration research and development, there is an increase of \$11,500,000, \$10,000,000 of which is for greenhouse gas control research and \$1,500,000 of which is for the carbon sequestration science focus area at the National Energy Technology Laboratory.

In fuels research/transportation fuels and chemicals, increases above the request include \$3,500,000 for continued research activities at the LaPorte, TX facility, and \$16,000,000 for the ultra clean fuels program, of which \$1,000,000 is for the clean diesel fuel program at the University of Alaska. Although not representing a change from the budget request level, the Committee expects \$3,700,000 of the \$3,950,000 made available for the F-T syngas ceramic membrane program to be used for ITM syngas activities conducted by APCI. In solid fuels and feedstocks, the Committee has provided an increase of \$3,000,000 for advanced separations for work conducted in conjunction with the Center for Advanced Separations Technology. In advanced fuels research, the Committee has included increases of \$2,000,000 for the C-1 chemistry program, \$500,000 for hydrogen economy enabling science, \$250,000 for molecular modeling, and \$1,700,000 for the advanced concepts program.

In advanced research, increases above the budget request total \$3,000,000, of which \$1,000,000 is for materials/materials research, and \$2,000,000 is for the computational Center of Excellence at the National Energy Technology Laboratory.

In natural gas technologies, increases in exploration and production include \$3,800,000 for advanced drilling, \$1,200,000 for coalbed methane water filtration research, and \$3,000,000 for restoration of the national lab/industry partnerships. For gas hydrate research, there is an increase of \$5,050,000; for infrastructure, there are increases of \$1,000,000 in storage technology, and \$4,000,000 in infrastructure technology; for emerging processing technology, increases include \$3,000,000 for the coal mine methane program; and in effective environmental protection, \$1,000,000 is for technology development.

In oil technologies, increases above the budget request include \$6,000,000 for the national lab/industry partnerships; \$3,100,000 for the preferred upstream management practices program; and \$5,400,000 for effective environmental protection, of which \$300,000 is for program planning and analysis, \$500,000 is for regulation streamlining, \$2,227,000 is for risk management, and \$2,373,000 is for technology development.

In cooperative research and development, the Committee has included \$11,240,000 in increased funding to be allocated as follows: \$3,000,000 for the establishment of an Arctic Energy Technology Center, and \$8,240,000 to restore funding to WRI and UNDEERC. Of the amount provided for the Arctic Energy Technology Center, \$1,000,000 is to support Oxygen Transport Ceramic Membrane research activities.

Other changes to the budget request include an increase of \$1,400,000 to restore the import/export authorization program; an increase of \$16,000,000 to restore funding for program direction, of which \$12,000,000 is for the National Energy Technology Laboratory; and an increase of \$11,450,000 in plant and capital equipment

with bill language authorizing \$11,000,000 to be used for planning and design of the NETL infrastructure upgrade.

The Committee has included a provision in the bill that allows the National Energy Technology Laboratory to use a limited amount of its program direction funds to support non-fossil energy activities that complement the fossil energy mission.

#### ALTERNATIVE FUELS PRODUCTION

##### (RESCISSION)

Appropriations, 2001 .....	-\$1,000,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	-2,000,000
House allowance .....	
Committee recommendation .....	-2,000,000

The Committee recommends a rescission of \$2,000,000 in unobligated balances in this account, the same as the budget estimate.

#### NAVAL PETROLEUM AND OIL SHALE RESERVES

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$1,596,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	17,371,000
House allowance .....	17,371,000
Committee recommendation .....	17,371,000

The Committee recommends \$17,371,000 for the Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserves, the same as the budget request.

	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Change
Oil reserves:			
Naval Petroleum Reserves Nos. 1 and 2 .....	\$5,144,000	\$5,144,000	
Naval Petroleum Reserve No. 3 .....	7,235,000	7,235,000	
Program direction (headquarters) .....	9,992,000	9,992,000	
Naval oil shale reserves .....			
Use of prior year funds .....	-5,000,000	-5,000,000	
Rescission .....			
Total, naval petroleum and oil shale reserves .....	17,371,000	17,371,000	

#### ELK HILLS SCHOOL LANDS FUND

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$36,000,000
Budget estimate, 2001 (advance appropriation) .....	36,000,000
House allowance (by transfer) .....	(36,000,000)
Committee recommendation (advance appropriation) .....	36,000,000

The Committee recommends \$36,000,000 for the Elk Hills school lands fund, the same as the budget request and the fiscal year 2001 level. The Committee has not derived these funds by transfer as proposed by the House. These funds will become available on October 1, 2002.

#### ENERGY CONSERVATION

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$813,442,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	755,805,000
House allowance .....	940,805,000
Committee recommendation .....	870,805,000

The amounts recommended by the Committee compared with the budget estimates by activity are shown in the following table:

[In thousands of dollars]

	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Change
<b>Building Technology, State and Community Sector:</b>			
Building research and standards:			
Technology roadmaps and competitive R&D ..	857	6,857	+ 6,000
Residential buildings integration .....	7,478	12,478	+ 5,000
Commercial buildings integration .....	2,510	4,510	+ 2,000
Equipment, materials and tools .....	21,547	38,547	+ 17,000
Subtotal, Building research and stand- ards .....	32,392	62,392	+ 30,000
<b>Building Technology Assistance:</b>			
Weatherization assistance and state energy programs .....	311,000	251,000	- 60,000
Community partnerships .....	8,488	18,788	+ 10,300
Energy star program .....	2,000	2,000	.....
Subtotal, Building technology assistance ..	321,488	271,788	- 49,700
Cooperative programs with States .....	.....	2,000	+ 2,000
Energy efficiency science initiative .....	.....	4,000	+ 4,000
Management and planning .....	15,090	15,090	.....
Subtotal, Building Technology, State and Com- munity Sector .....	368,970	355,270	- 13,700
<b>Federal Energy Management Program:</b>			
Program activities .....	8,900	8,900	.....
Program direction .....	4,400	4,400	.....
Subtotal, Federal Energy Management Pro- gram .....	13,300	13,300	.....
<b>Industry Sector:</b>			
Industries of the future (specific) .....	46,424	72,624	+ 26,200
Industries of the future (crosscutting) .....	31,900	58,900	+ 27,000
Cooperative programs with States .....	.....	2,000	+ 2,000
Energy efficiency science initiative .....	.....	4,000	+ 4,000
Management and planning .....	9,400	9,400	.....
Subtotal, Industry Sector .....	87,724	146,924	+ 59,200
<b>Power Technologies:</b>			
Distributed generation technologies development ...	45,896	61,896	+ 16,000
Management and planning .....	1,450	1,950	+ 500
Subtotal, Power Technologies .....	47,346	63,846	+ 16,500
<b>Transportation:</b>			
Vehicle technology R&D .....	126,422	155,122	+ 28,700
Fuels utilization R&D .....	20,908	25,908	+ 5,000
Materials technologies .....	30,293	40,293	+ 10,000
Technology deployment .....	9,860	13,160	+ 3,300
Cooperative programs with States .....	.....	2,000	+ 2,000

(In thousands of dollars)

	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Change
Energy efficiency science initiative .....		4,000	+ 4,000
Management and planning .....	10,232	10,232	.....
Subtotal, Transportation .....	197,715	250,715	+ 53,000
Policy and management .....	40,750	40,750	.....
Use of Biomass Energy Development funds .....			.....
Total, Energy Conservation .....	755,805	870,805	+ 115,000

The Committee recommends \$870,805,000 for energy conservation, an increase of \$115,000,000 above the budget request and \$57,362,000 above the fiscal year 2001 level. Changes to the budget request are detailed below.

In buildings research and standards, increases include \$6,000,000 for competitive research and development, \$5,000,000 for Building America in the residential buildings program, \$2,000,000 for commercial buildings integration, and \$17,000,000 for equipment materials and tools, of which \$2,000,000 is for lighting research and development (including hybrid lighting), \$3,000,000 is for space conditioning and refrigeration, \$500,000 is for appliances and emerging technologies, \$1,000,000 is for analysis tools and design strategies, \$4,000,000 is for lighting and appliance standards, and \$6,500,000 is for building envelope research, of which \$2,000,000 is for a competitive solicitation, \$3,000,000 is for windows research (including electrochromics) and \$1,500,000 is for other high priority building envelope technology.

In building technology assistance, there is an increase of \$10,300,000 for community energy programs, of which \$6,000,000 is for Rebuild America, \$2,000,000 is for information outreach, and \$2,300,000 is for training and assistance for State and Federal building energy codes.

Other increases for the buildings sector programs include \$2,000,000 to restore cooperative programs with the States, \$2,000,000 to restore the energy efficiency science initiative and \$2,000,000 for the Energy Star Program.

For industry sector research, increases include \$26,200,000 for industries of the future (specific) programs, of which \$4,000,000 is for steel, \$3,500,000 is for aluminum, \$2,000,000 is for metal casting, \$1,800,000 is for glass, \$7,000,000 is for chemicals, \$2,800,000 is for petroleum (to support small refinery projects), \$500,000 is for agriculture, \$3,000,000 is for mining, and \$1,600,000 is for supporting industries. For industries of the future (crosscutting), increases include \$6,000,000 for technical assistance/best practices and \$21,000,000 for enabling technology, of which \$7,000,000 is for materials research, \$1,000,000 is for combustion systems/boiler research, \$10,000,000 is for industrial gasification, and \$3,000,000 is to restore the sensors and controls program funding. Other increases include \$2,000,000 to restore cooperative programs with the States, \$2,000,000 to restore the energy efficiency science initiative, and \$2,000,000 for innovations and inventions.

The Committee is aware of work being done by Utah State University and industrial partners to develop value-added products and processes using renewable resources as production feedstocks. The Committee urges the Department to work with the University to integrate this expertise with the Industries of the Future program or other relevant programs.

For distributed generation technologies, there is an increase of \$16,500,000, including \$4,000,000 for microturbine technology, \$5,000,000 for reciprocating engine technology, \$3,000,000 for National Energy Technology Laboratory support and university research on reciprocating engines (through Fossil Energy), \$4,000,000 for systems integration, and \$500,000 for management and planning to provide for fixed costs and essential staffing.

For transportation sector research, there is net increase of \$28,700,000 for vehicle technology research and development, including a decrease of \$500,000 for the Graduate Automotive Technology Education program and increases of \$4,000,000 for hybrid/light and heavy vehicle propulsion, \$2,700,000 for hybrid/high power energy storage, \$3,500,000 for hybrid/advanced power electronics and the Department is directed to down select from 3 to 2 contracts, \$8,000,000 for combustion and emissions control, \$3,500,000 for heavy truck engine research and development and the Department is expected to fund at least two natural gas engine projects, \$3,500,000 for electric vehicle/advanced battery development, and \$4,000,000 for heavy vehicle systems optimization. The Committee expects the Department to focus its truck research on a broad array of options and not limit the program to diesel engine research.

Other transportation program increases include \$5,000,000 for fuels utilization, of which \$3,000,000 is for advanced petroleum based fuels for heavy trucks and lighter vehicles and \$2,000,000 is for alternative fuels for medium and heavy trucks; \$10,000,000 for materials technologies, of which \$1,000,000 is for automotive propulsion materials, \$8,000,000 is for lightweight materials technologies (including high strength/weight reduction materials) and \$1,000,000 is for the High Temperature Materials Laboratory; \$5,300,000 for technology deployment, of which \$5,000,000 is for the clean cities program and \$300,000 is for advanced vehicle competitions of the total amount provided for the clean cities program, \$2,000,000 is to help increase E-85 fueling capacity. There are also increases of \$2,000,000 to restore cooperative programs with the States and \$2,000,000 to restore the energy efficiency science initiative.

Finally, the Committee notes that, although it did not provide the full request in the weatherization assistance program, it has provided an increase of \$60,000,000 above the fiscal year 2001 level.

The Committee agrees to the following:

1. The cooperative programs with the States and the energy efficiency science initiative should be closely coordinated with the Fossil Energy Research and Development program to ensure that the highest priority research needs across both the Fossil Energy and Energy Conservation accounts are addressed. The cooperative pro-

grams with the States should also be coordinated with the Energy Information Administration.

2. Within the funds provided for building sector programs, the oil heat research program is to be continued at the fiscal year 2001 level.

3. The Department needs to do a better job of working with industry partners in developing and implementing long-term research plans and in requesting funding in budget submissions to support those plans. The Committee has been particularly concerned about the lack of commitment to the natural gas research plan, including natural gas vehicles, over the past few years and encourages the Department to work closely with industry on the plan. The increases provided above the budget request should be directed, in part, to that plan in close coordination with industry partners.

4. The controlled thermo-mechanical processing project in the industries of the future program should continue at the fiscal year 2001 level during fiscal year 2002.

5. The Department needs to provide a more detailed breakout of funding in the distributed generation technologies activity in future budgets. The Committee has agreed to provide flexibility for the first full year of funding for the program in order to take advantage of the most promising opportunities. However, the Committee expects that, in fiscal year 2003 and beyond, a more definitive justification with greater funding detail by subactivity will be incorporated in the budget requests.

6. Within the funds provided for distributed generation technologies, the Department should accelerate research and development on thermally activated technologies for packaged cooling, heat and power systems.

7. The Committee continues to be concerned that the Department of Energy has ignored the Committee's reprogramming procedures in the energy conservation area. In fiscal year 2001, nearly \$1,000,000 was realigned to increase the buildings sector management and planning activity and \$500,000 was used to fund the graduate automotive technology education program for which the Congress did not provide funding in fiscal year 2001. The Committee expects full compliance with the reprogramming guidelines by the Department in the future. The Committee will consider addressing this problem in statutory language if violations continue.

The Committee recognizes that experimental fuel cell vehicles, including buses and trucks, are already on the nation's roads, and that auto makers are scheduling the release of prototype fuel cell passenger cars in 2004. Because undetected hydrogen leaks pose a grave threat to public safety, it is imperative that the development of hydrogen detection systems be encouraged. The Committee encourages the Department of Energy to work with industry to facilitate the establishment of enabling safety technologies that are essential for public acceptance of effective and efficient alternatives to conventionally powered vehicles.

The Committee is aware of the efforts of Oak Ridge National Laboratory, in partnership with the Automotive Composites Consortium, to study the long-term durability of strong, lightweight automotive composite materials. The weight reductions made pos-

sible through use of such materials is crucial to meeting the goals of improved fuel economy, reduced emissions, and enhanced safety. While the Oak Ridge National Laboratory/Automotive Composites Consortium is currently focused on carbon composites only, the Committee urges the Department to include in its ongoing work, the study of new reinforcement technologies and a range of advanced engineering thermoplastics. Inclusion of these additional materials could expand materials options for the automotive industry as it strives to improve efficiency and safety.

#### ECONOMIC REGULATION

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$1,996,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	1,996,000
House allowance .....	1,996,000
Committee recommendation .....	1,996,000

The economic regulation account funds the independent Office of Hearings and Appeals which is responsible for all of the Department's adjudication processes except those that are the responsibility of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The amount funded by this Committee is for those activities specific to this bill: mainly those related to petroleum overcharge cases. All other activities are funded on a reimbursable basis from the other elements of the Department of Energy. Prior to fiscal year 1997, this account also funded the Economic Regulatory Administration.

The Committee recommends \$1,996,000 for economic regulation, equal to both the budget request and the fiscal year 2001 level. The Committee expects the Department to submit a plan by March 1, 2002, for phasing out direct funding for the Office of Hearings and Appeals from the Interior bill over the next three years. The Committee is concerned about the high cost of employees in this office and concerned that the casework, funded by the Interior and related agencies appropriation, has not been brought to a timely completion.

#### STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$160,637,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	169,009,000
House allowance .....	179,009,000
Committee recommendation .....	169,009,000

The Committee recommends \$169,009,000 for operation of the strategic petroleum reserve, an increase of \$8,372,000 above the fiscal year 2001 enacted level.

#### ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

Appropriations, 2001 .....	\$75,509,000
Budget estimate, 2002 .....	75,499,000
House allowance .....	78,499,000
Committee recommendation .....	75,499,000

The Committee recommends \$775,499,000 for the Energy Information Administration, a reduction of \$10,000 below the fiscal year 2001 enacted level.

### TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

The Committee has recommended inclusion of several general provisions in the bill including the following:

SEC. 301. Provides that contracts which provide consulting services be a matter of public record and available for public review, except where otherwise provided by law.

SEC. 302. Provides a restriction on noncompetitive bidding in the Shawnee National Forest, IL.

SEC. 303. Provides that appropriations available in the bill shall not be used to produce literature or otherwise promote public support of a legislative proposal on which legislative action is not complete.

SEC. 304. Provides that appropriations made available in this bill will not remain available beyond the current fiscal year unless otherwise provided.

SEC. 305. Provides that appropriations made available in this bill cannot be used to provide a cook, chauffeur, or other personal servants.

SEC. 306. Provides for restrictions on departmental assessments unless approved by the Committees on Appropriations.

SEC. 307. Limits the actions of the Forest Service and the Bureau of Land Management with regard to the sale of giant sequoia trees to a manner consistent with such sales as were conducted in fiscal year 2000.

SEC. 308. Prohibits the National Park Service from implementing a concession contract which permits or requires the removal of the underground lunchroom at Carlsbad Caverns National Park.

SEC. 309. Prohibits the use of funds appropriated in the bill to demolish the bridge between Jersey City, NJ, and Ellis Island or to prevent the pedestrian use of such bridge when it is made known that such use is consistent with generally accepted safety standards.

SEC. 310. Retains mining patent moratorium carried in previous years.

SEC. 311. Provides that funds appropriated to the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the Indian Health Service for contract support costs for fiscal years 1994 through 2001 are the total amounts available except that, for the Bureau of Indian Affairs, tribes and tribal organizations may use their tribal priority allocations for unmet indirect costs of ongoing contracts, grants, self-governance compacts, or annual funding agreements.

SEC. 312. Includes language allowing competition for watershed restoration projects through the "Jobs in the Woods" component of the President's forest plan for the Pacific Northwest or for the "Jobs in the Woods" program for Alaska to be limited to individuals and entities in historically timber-dependent areas covered by the plan.

SEC. 313. Includes language requiring prior approval by the Appropriations Committees before commencing planning, design, or construction of any project funded with recreational fee demonstration moneys when the estimated total project cost is greater than \$500,000.

SEC. 314. Prohibits the use of funds for posting clothing optional signs at Cape Canaveral NS, FL.

SEC. 315. Includes language defining the grantmaking capabilities and responsibilities of the National Endowment of the Arts. Grants to individuals may be made only for literature fellowships, national heritage fellowships, or American jazz masters fellowships. The Chairperson of the Endowment will establish procedures to ensure that grants made, except those to a State or local arts agency, will not be used to make a further grant to any other organization or individual to conduct activity independent of the direct grant recipient. Grants for seasonal support may not be awarded unless the application is specific to the contents of the season.

SEC. 316. Includes language allowing the National Endowment for the Arts and the National Endowment for the Humanities to raise funds and receive gifts, to deposit such in an interest-bearing account for the appropriate Endowment, and to use such to further the functions of the respective Endowments in accordance with the specified intent of the donors.

SEC. 317. Provides language for awarding financial assistance to underserved populations under the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965. With funds appropriated to carry out section 5 of the act, the chairman will establish a category of national significance grants. With the exception of this grant category, the chairman will not make grants exceeding 15 percent, in the aggregate, of such funds to any single State.

SEC. 318. Prohibits the use of appropriations to fund any activities associated with the issuance of the 5-year program under the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act. Strategic planning activities carried out for that act should now be completed as part of the agency's compliance with the Government Performance and Results Act, Public Law 103-62.

SEC. 319. Prohibits the use of funds to support Government-wide administrative functions unless they are justified in the budget process and approved by the House and Senate Appropriations Committees.

SEC. 320. Prohibits the use of funds to make improvements to Pennsylvania Avenue in front of the White House without Committee approval.

SEC. 321. Provides additional authority to use the roads and trails funds for priority forest health related management. The Committee recognizes that there is a serious backlog in important road, trail and bridge work throughout the national forest system just as there is a serious backlog in needed management related to forest health.

SEC. 322. Limits the use of funds that may be used to operate telephone answering machines during core business hours unless an option is provided that enables callers to reach promptly an individual on-duty at that agency.

SEC. 323. Addresses timber sales involving Alaska western red cedar. This provision is the same as section 328 of the Fiscal Year 2001 Interior Appropriations Act, which deals with export of certain western red cedar timber from Alaska. Mills which process western red cedar in the Pacific Northwest have an insufficient supply of western red cedar, and the national forest in southeast Alaska sometimes has a surplus. This provision continues a program by which Alaska's surplus western red cedar is made available preferentially to U.S. domestic mills outside Alaska, prior to export abroad.

SEC. 324. Prohibits the use of funds to propose or issue rules, regulations, decrees, or orders to implement the Kyoto Protocol prior to Senate confirmation.

SEC. 325. Provides that the Forest Service in consultation with the Department of Labor shall modify concessions contracts so that they fall within the exemption from the Service Contract Act. Concessions contracts which cannot be so modified may be offered as a service contract.

SEC. 326. Provides that the Forest Service may not inappropriately use the Recreation Fee Demonstration program to supplant existing recreation concessions on the national forests.

SEC. 327. Authorizes the Forest Service to expand the number of stewardship and end results contracts. These projects are in addition to the projects authorized in Public Law 106-291.

SEC. 328. Provides that any regulations or policies issued by the Departments of the Interior or Agriculture regarding recovery of costs for processing authorizations to occupy and use Federal lands shall reflect the principle that no charge shall be made for a service when the identification of the beneficiary is obscure, and the service can be considered primarily as benefitting the general public.

SEC. 329. The Committee has included language in the bill authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to limit competition for fire and fuel treatment and watershed restoration contracts in the Giant Sequoia National Monument and the Sequoia National Forest. The purpose of this language is to give priority consideration to dislocated workers in Tulare, Kern and Fresno counties. By providing this authority to the Secretary, the Committee in no way implies its approval or disapproval of the process by which the Monument was established, nor does the grant of this authority in any way address the legality of the President's use of his powers under the Antiquities Act in this instance.

SEC. 330. Directs the Forest Service to extend the special use permit held by Montana State University—Billings for the Sioux-Charlie Cabin in Montana for a period of 50 years. At the end of the 50-year term public comments shall be solicited to determine whether another extension is in the public interest.

SEC. 331. Extends the ability of the Forest Service to enter into watershed restoration and enhancement agreements as authorized in sec. 323 of Public Law 105-277.

SEC. 332. Extends the authorities provided in sec. 551(c) of the Land Between the Lakes Protection Act of 1998 through 2004.

SEC. 333. Provides that residents living within the boundaries of the White Mountain National Forest are exempt from certain user fees.

## BUDGETARY IMPACT OF BILL

PREPARED IN CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE PURSUANT TO SEC.  
308(a), PUBLIC LAW 93-344, AS AMENDED

[In millions of dollars]

	Budget authority		Outlays	
	Committee allocation	Amount of bill	Committee allocation	Amount of bill
Comparison of amounts in the bill with Committee allocations to its subcommittees of amounts in the First Concurrent Resolution for 2002: Subcommittee on Interior and Related Agencies:				
General purpose, non-defense .....	17,151	17,150	NA	NA
General purpose .....	NA	NA	16,626	<sup>1</sup> 16,538
Conservation .....	1,376	1,320	1,030	1,029
Mandatory .....	59	63	77	79
Projection of outlays associated with the recommendation:				
2002 .....	.....	.....	.....	<sup>2</sup> 11,528
2003 .....	.....	.....	.....	4,647
2004 .....	.....	.....	.....	1,524
2005 .....	.....	.....	.....	593
2006 and future year .....	.....	.....	.....	233
Financial assistance to State and local governments for 2002 .....	NA	2,454	NA	1,421

<sup>1</sup> Includes outlays from prior-year budget authority.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes outlays from prior-year budget authority.

NA: Not applicable.

## LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

### COMPLIANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 7, RULE XVI OF THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE

Rule XVI, paragraph 7 requires that every report on a general appropriation bill filed by the Committee must identify each recommended amendment which proposes an item of appropriation which is not made to carry out the provisions of an existing law, a treaty stipulation, or an act or resolution previously passed by the Senate during that session.

Those items are as follows:

- Sums provided to the Bureau of Land Management to inventory, manage, and improve rangelands for domestic livestock grazing pursuant to Public Law 95-514, the Public Rangeland Improvement Act of 1978.
- \$208,638,000 for the endangered species program, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
- \$460,000 for the Yukon River Restoration and Enhancement Fund, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, pursuant to the Fisheries Act of 1995.
- Sums provided to the Fish and Wildlife Service for the conservation and protection of marine mammals pursuant to Public Law 103-238, the Marine Mammal Protection Act Amendments of 1994.
- \$484,000 for the Lake Champlain resource conservation program, U.S. Geological Survey, pursuant to the Great Lakes Critical Programs Act of 1990.
- \$2,250,000 for start-up and matching funds for projects of the National Forest Foundation, U.S. Forest Service.
- Sums provided to the Department of Energy for the integration of fuel cells with hydrogen production systems pursuant to the Hydrogen Future Act of 1996.
- Sums provided to the Department of Energy for various programs authorized in Public Law 102-486, Energy Policy Act of 1992.
- \$80,495,000 for economic regulation and the Energy Information Administration, Department of Energy, pursuant to the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981.
- \$15,148,000 for the Office of Navajo and Hopi Relocation.
- \$115,234,000 for the National Endowment for the Arts.
- \$125,504,000 for the National Endowment for the Humanities.

### COMPLIANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 7(C), RULE XXVI, OF THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE

Pursuant to paragraph 7(c) of rule XXVI, the Committee ordered reported H.R. 2217, the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations bill, 2002, subject to amendment and subject to its budget al-

locations, by a recorded vote of 26–0, a quorum being present. The vote was as follows:

Yeas	Nays
Chairman Byrd	
Mr. Inouye	
Mr. Hollings	
Mr. Leahy	
Mr. Harkin	
Ms. Mikulski	
Mr. Reid	
Mr. Kohl	
Mrs. Murray	
Mr. Dorgan	
Mrs. Feinstein	
Mr. Durbin	
Mr. Stevens	
Mr. Cochran	
Mr. Specter	
Mr. Domenici	
Mr. Bond	
Mr. McConnell	
Mr. Burns	
Mr. Shelby	
Mr. Gregg	
Mr. Bennett	
Mr. Campbell	
Mr. Craig	
Mrs. Hutchison	
Mr. Kyl	

#### COMPLIANCE WITH PARAGRAPH 12, RULE XXVI OF THE STANDING RULES OF THE SENATE

Paragraph 12 of rule XXVI requires that a Committee report on a bill or joint resolution repealing or amending any statute or part of any statute include “(a) the text of the statute or part thereof which is proposed to be repealed; and (b) a comparative print of that part of the bill or joint resolution making the amendment and of the statute or part thereof proposed to be amended, showing by stricken-through type and italics, parallel columns, or other appropriate typographical devices the omissions and insertions which would be made by the bill or joint resolution if enacted in the form recommended by the committee.”

In compliance with this rule, the following changes in existing law proposed to be made by the bill are shown as follows: existing law to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets; new matter is printed in italic; and existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman.

#### TITLE 16—CONSERVATION

\* \* \* \* \*

## CHAPTER 79—NATIONAL PARK SERVICE MANAGEMENT

\* \* \* \* \*

### SUBCHAPTER III—NATIONAL PARK SERVICE CONCESSIONS MANAGEMENT

\* \* \* \* \*

#### § 5961. Special rule for transportation contracting services

(a) In general

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a service contract entered into by the Secretary for the provision solely of transportation services in a unit of the National Park System shall be no more than 10 years in length, including a base period of 5 years and annual extensions for an additional 5-year period based on satisfactory performance and approval by the Secretary.

(b) Obligation of funds

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with respect to a service contract for the provision solely of transportation services at Zion National Park, the Secretary may obligate the expenditure of fees received in fiscal year [2001] 2002 under section 5981 of this title before the fees are received.

\* \* \* \* \*

## TITLE 30—MINERAL LANDS AND MINING

\* \* \* \* \*

### CHAPTER 2—MINERAL LANDS AND REGULATIONS IN GENERAL

\* \* \* \* \*

#### § 28f. Fee

(a) CLAIM MAINTENANCE FEE.—[The holder of each unpatented mining claim, mill or tunnel site, located pursuant to the Mining Laws of the United States, whether located before or after the enactment of this Act, shall pay the Secretary of the Interior, on or before September 1, of each year for years 1999 through 2001, a claim fee of \$100 per claim site.] *The holder of each unpatented mining claim, mill, or tunnel site, located pursuant to the mining laws of the United States, whether located before, on or after enactment of this Act, shall pay to the Secretary of the Interior, on or before September 1, 2002, a claim maintenance fee of \$100 per claim or site.*

\* \* \* \* \*

#### § 28g. Location fee

\* \* \* \* \*

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for every unpatented mining claim, mill or tunnel site located after August 10, 1993, [and before September 30 2001] and before September 30, 2006, pursuant to the mining laws of the United States, the locator shall, at the time the location notice is recorded with the Bureau of Land

Management, pay to the Secretary of the Interior a location fee, in addition to the claim maintenance fee required by section 28f of this title, of \$25.00 per claim.

\* \* \* \* \*

## TITLE 31—MONEY AND FINANCE

\* \* \* \* \*

### SUBTITLE V—GENERAL ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION

\* \* \* \* \*

#### CHAPTER 69—PAYMENT FOR ENTITLEMENT LAND

\* \* \* \* \*

#### § 6906. Authorization of appropriations

(a) *IN GENERAL.*—Necessary amounts may be appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior to carry out this chapter. Amounts are available only as provided in appropriation laws.

(b) *LOCAL EXEMPTIONS FROM DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM FEES.*—

(1) *IN GENERAL.*—Each unit of general local government that lies in whole or in part within the White Mountain National Forest and persons residing within the boundaries of that unit of general local government shall be exempt during that fiscal year from any requirement to pay a Demonstration Program Fee (parking permit or passport) imposed by the Secretary of Agriculture for access to the Forest.

(2) *ADMINISTRATION.*—The Secretary of Agriculture shall establish a method of identifying persons who are exempt from paying user fees under paragraph (1). This method may include valid form of identification including a drivers license.

\* \* \* \* \*

### LAND BETWEEN THE LAKES PROTECTION ACT OF 1998

\* \* \* \* \*

SEC. 551. (a) \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) *TRANSITION.*—Until September 30, [2002] 2004, the Secretary of Agriculture may expend amounts appropriated or otherwise made available to carry out this title in a manner consistent with the authorities exercised by the Tennessee Valley Authority, before the transfer of the Recreation Area to the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary, regarding procurement of property, services, supplies, and equipment.

\* \* \* \* \*

### OMNIBUS CONSOLIDATED AND EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1999, PUBLIC LAW 105-277

\* \* \* \* \*

DIVISION A—OMNIBUS CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS

\* \* \* \* \*  
 SEC. 101. (a) \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \*

(e) For programs, projects or activities in the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999, provided as follows, to be effective as if it had been enacted into law as the regular appropriations Act:

AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1999, and for other purposes.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

\* \* \* \* \*

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

\* \* \* \* \*

SEC. 323. (a) WATERSHED RESTORATION AND ENHANCEMENT AGREEMENTS.—For fiscal year 1999, 2000 [and 2001], *2001 and 2002*, to the extent funds are otherwise available, appropriations for the Forest Service may be used by the Secretary of Agriculture for the purpose of entering into cooperative agreements with willing Federal, tribal, State and local governments, private and non-profit entities and landowners for the protection, restoration and enhancement of fish and wildlife habitat, and other resources on public or private land, the reduction of risk from natural disaster where public safety is threatened, or a combination thereof or both that benefit these resources within the watershed.

\* \* \* \* \*

OMNIBUS INDIAN ADVANCEMENT ACT, PUBLIC LAW  
 106-568

TITLE I—SALT RIVER PIMA-MARICOPA INDIAN  
 COMMUNITY IRRIGATION WORKS

\* \* \* \* \*

TITLE VIII—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS

\* \* \* \* \*

Subtitle A—Miscellaneous Technical Provisions

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[SEC. 819. LAND TO BE TAKEN INTO TRUST.

[Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Interior shall accept for the benefit of the Lytton Rancheria of California the land described in that certain grant deed dated and recorded on October 16, 2000, in the official records of the County of Contra Costa, California, Deed Instrument Number 2000-229754. The Secretary shall declare that such land is held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Rancheria and that such land is part of the reservation of such Rancheria under sections 5

and 7 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 985; 25 U.S.C. 467). Such land shall be deemed to have been held in trust and part of the reservation of the Rancheria prior to October 17, 1988.】

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COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001 AND BUDGET ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR 2002—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

Item	2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance	Committee recommendation	Senate Committee recommendation compared with (+ or -)		
					2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance
Infrastructure improvement .....	49,890				- 49,890		
Conservation (infrastructure improvement) .....		50,497	50,000	61,000	+ 61,000	+ 10,503	+ 11,000
Total, Capital Improvement and Maintenance .....	517,427	523,727	535,513	541,286	+ 23,859	+ 17,559	+ 5,773
Appropriations .....	(517,427)	(473,230)	(485,513)	(480,286)	(- 37,141)	(+ 7,056)	(- 5,227)
Conservation .....		(50,497)	(50,000)	(61,000)	(+ 61,000)	(+ 10,503)	(+ 11,000)
Land Acquisition							
Forest Service:							
Acquisitions .....	138,898	113,377	113,377	111,377	- 27,521	- 2,000	- 2,000
Acquisition management .....	8,481	13,000	13,000	13,000	+ 4,519		
Cash equalization .....	1,497	1,500	1,500	1,500	+ 3		
Forest inholdings .....	1,497	2,000	2,000	2,000	+ 503		
Wilderness inholdings .....	499	1,000	1,000	1,000	+ 501		
Reduction for conservation funding .....		- 130,877	- 130,877	- 130,877	- 130,877		
Conservation .....		130,877	130,877	130,877	+ 130,877		
Total, Land Acquisition .....	150,872	130,877	130,877	128,877	- 21,995	- 2,000	- 2,000
Acquisition of lands for national forests, special acts .....	1,067	1,069	1,069	1,069	+ 2		
Acquisition of lands to complete land exchanges .....	233	234	234	234	+ 1		
Range betterment fund .....	3,293	3,290	3,290	3,290	- 3		
Gifts, donations and bequests for forest and rangeland research .....	92	92	92	92			
Management of national forest lands for subsistence uses .....	5,488	5,488	5,488	5,488			
Southeast Alaska economic disaster fund .....	4,989				- 4,989		
Reduction for conservation funding .....		- 2,000	- 2,000	- 2,000	- 2,000		
Conservation (Youth Conservation Corps) .....		2,000	2,000	2,000	+ 2,000		

TOTAL, FOREST SERVICE .....	4,393,491	3,732,125	3,914,063	3,815,574	-577,917	+83,449	-98,489
Appropriations .....	(4,393,491)	(3,487,166)	(3,627,186)	(3,520,697)	(-872,794)	(+33,531)	(-106,489)
Conservation .....		(244,959)	(286,877)	(294,877)	(+294,877)	(+49,918)	(+8,000)
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY							
Clean Coal Technology							
Deferral .....	-67,000				+67,000		
(Transfer to Elk Hills School Lands fund) .....			(-36,000)				(+36,000)
(Transfer to Fossil Energy) .....				(-33,700)	(-33,700)	(-33,700)	(-33,700)
Fossil Energy Research and Development							
Clean coal power initiative .....		150,000	150,000	116,300	+116,300	-33,700	-33,700
(By transfer from Clean Coal Technology) .....				(33,700)	(+33,700)	(+33,700)	(+33,700)
Total, Program level .....		150,000	150,000	150,000	+150,000		
Coal and Power Systems:							
Central Systems:							
Innovations for existing plants .....	20,102	18,000	22,500	22,500	+2,398	+4,500	
Advanced Systems:							
Indirect fired cycle .....	5,997				-5,997		
Integrated gasification combined cycle .....	35,134	35,000	40,000	43,000	+7,866	+8,000	+3,000
Advanced Combustion System (formerly PFB) .....	12,175	8,000	8,000	11,000	-1,175	+3,000	+3,000
Turbines .....	28,936		18,500	20,500	-8,436	+20,500	+2,000
Subtotal, Advanced Systems .....	82,242	43,000	66,500	74,500	-7,742	+31,500	+8,000
Power plant improvement initiative (transfer from Clean Coal) .....	94,791				-94,791		
Subtotal, Central Systems .....	197,135	61,000	89,000	97,000	-100,135	+36,000	+8,000
Distributed Generation Systems—Fuel Cells Advanced research .....							
Fuel cell systems .....	2,794	1,000	2,000	4,000	+1,206	+3,000	+2,000
Vision 21-hybrids .....	30,932	11,500	11,500	13,500	-17,432	+2,000	+2,000
Innovative concepts .....	14,967	11,500	13,500	13,500	-1,467	+2,000	
Innovative concepts .....	3,891	21,124	21,124	21,124	+17,233		

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001 AND BUDGET ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR 2002—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

Item	2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance	Committee recommendation	Senate Committee recommendation compared with (+ or -)		
					2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance
Subtotal, Distributed Generation Systems—Fuel Cells .....	52,584	45,124	48,124	52,124	- 460	+ 7,000	+ 4,000
Sequestration R&D: Greenhouse gas control .....	18,746	20,677	32,177	32,177	+ 13,431	+ 11,500	.....
Fuels:							
Transportation fuels and chemicals .....	7,558	5,000	21,000	24,500	+ 16,942	+ 19,500	+ 3,500
Solid fuels and feedstocks .....	4,291	2,000	2,000	5,000	+ 709	+ 3,000	+ 3,000
Advanced fuels research .....	4,889	.....	2,000	4,450	- 439	+ 4,450	+ 2,450
Steelmaking feedstock .....	6,685	.....	.....	.....	- 6,685	.....	.....
Subtotal, Fuels .....	23,423	7,000	25,000	33,950	+ 10,527	+ 26,950	+ 8,950
Advanced Research:							
Coal utilization science .....	10,236	6,250	6,250	6,250	- 3,986	.....	.....
Materials .....	6,985	7,000	7,000	8,000	+ 1,015	+ 1,000	+ 1,000
Technology crosscut .....	8,925	8,750	8,750	10,750	+ 1,825	+ 2,000	+ 2,000
University coal research .....	2,993	3,000	3,000	3,000	+ 7	.....	.....
HBCUs, education and training .....	998	1,000	1,000	1,000	+ 2	.....	.....
Subtotal, Advanced Research .....	30,137	26,000	26,000	29,000	- 1,137	+ 3,000	+ 3,000
Subtotal, Coal and Power Systems .....	322,025	159,801	220,301	244,251	- 77,774	+ 84,450	+ 23,950
Gas:							
Natural Gas Technologies:							
Exploration and production .....	14,221	9,350	19,550	17,350	+ 3,129	+ 8,000	- 2,200
Gas hydrates .....	9,938	4,750	9,800	9,800	- 138	+ 5,050	.....
Infrastructure .....	8,110	5,050	8,050	10,050	+ 1,940	+ 5,000	+ 2,000
Emerging processing technology applications .....	10,146	250	250	3,250	- 6,896	+ 3,000	+ 3,000

Effective environmental protection .....	2,614	1,600	2,600	2,600	- 14	+ 1,000	.....
Subtotal, Gas .....	45,029	21,000	40,250	43,050	- 1,979	+ 22,050	+ 2,800
<b>Petroleum—Oil Technology:</b>							
Exploration and production supporting research .....	28,844	20,350	31,350	26,350	- 2,494	+ 6,000	- 5,000
Reservoir life extension/management .....	14,662	4,849	13,949	7,949	- 6,713	+ 3,100	- 6,000
Effective environmental protection .....	10,796	5,300	10,700	10,700	- 96	+ 5,400	.....
Emerging processing technology applications .....	2,594	.....	.....	.....	- 2,594	.....	.....
Ultra clean fuels .....	9,978	.....	.....	.....	- 9,978	.....	.....
Use of SPR petroleum account .....	- 12,000	.....	.....	.....	+ 12,000	.....	.....
Subtotal, Petroleum—Oil Technology .....	54,874	30,499	55,999	44,999	- 9,875	+ 14,500	- 11,000
<b>Cooperative R&amp;D</b>							
Fossil energy environmental restoration .....	8,071	.....	6,000	11,240	+ 3,169	+ 11,240	+ 5,240
Import/export authorization .....	9,978	9,500	9,500	9,500	- 478	.....	.....
Headquarters program direction .....	2,295	1,000	2,400	2,400	+ 105	+ 1,400	.....
Energy Technology Center program direction .....	16,930	14,700	18,700	18,700	+ 1,770	+ 4,000	.....
General plant projects .....	63,157	55,300	67,300	67,300	+ 4,143	+ 12,000	.....
.....	3,891	2,000	3,350	13,450	+ 9,559	+ 11,450	+ 10,100
<b>Advanced Metallurgical Processes: Advanced metallurgical processes</b>							
Use of previously appropriated Clean Coal funds .....	5,214	5,200	5,200	5,200	- 14	.....	.....
Use of prior year balances .....	- 95,000	.....	.....	.....	+ 95,000	.....	.....
.....	- 4,000	.....	.....	- 6,000	- 2,000	- 6,000	- 6,000
Total, Fossil Energy Research and Development .....	432,464	449,000	579,000	570,390	+ 137,926	+ 121,390	- 8,610
<b>Alternative Fuels Production</b>							
Transfer to Treasury .....	- 1,000	- 2,000	.....	- 2,000	- 1,000	.....	- 2,000
<b>Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserves</b>							
<b>Oil Reserves:</b>							
Naval petroleum reserves Nos. 1 and 2 .....	4,835	5,144	5,144	5,144	+ 309	.....	.....
Naval petroleum reserve No. 3 .....	9,496	7,235	7,235	7,235	- 2,261	.....	.....
Program direction (headquarters) .....	8,040	9,992	9,992	9,992	+ 1,952	.....	.....
Use of prior year funds .....	- 20,775	- 5,000	- 5,000	- 5,000	+ 15,775	.....	.....
Total, Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserves .....	1,596	17,371	17,371	17,371	+ 15,775	.....	.....

**COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001 AND BUDGET ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR 2002—Continued**

[In thousands of dollars]

Item	2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance	Committee recommendation	Senate Committee recommendation compared with (+ or -)		
					2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance
<b>Elk Hills School Lands Fund</b>							
Elk Hills School lands fund .....	36,000	36,000	.....	36,000	.....	.....	+ 36,000
(By transfer from Clean Coal) .....	.....	.....	(36,000)	.....	.....	.....	(- 36,000)
<b>Energy Conservation</b>							
<b>Building Technology, State and Community Sector:</b>							
<b>Building research and standards:</b>							
Technology roadmaps and competitive R&D .....	6,870	857	6,857	6,857	- 13	+ 6,000	.....
Residential buildings integration .....	12,120	7,478	12,478	12,478	+ 358	+ 5,000	.....
Commercial buildings integration .....	4,583	2,510	4,510	4,510	- 73	+ 2,000	.....
Equipment, materials and tools .....	40,670	21,547	38,547	38,547	- 2,123	+ 17,000	.....
Subtotal, Building research and standards .....	64,243	32,392	62,392	62,392	- 1,851	+ 30,000	.....
<b>Building Technology Assistance:</b>							
Weatherization assistance and state energy programs .....	190,580	311,000	311,000	251,000	+ 60,420	- 60,000	- 60,000
Community partnerships .....	18,095	8,488	18,788	18,788	+ 693	+ 10,300	.....
Energy star program .....	2,204	2,000	2,000	2,000	- 204	.....	.....
Subtotal, Building technology assistance .....	210,879	321,488	331,788	271,788	+ 60,909	- 49,700	- 60,000
Cooperative programs with States .....	1,996	.....	2,000	2,000	+ 4	+ 2,000	.....
Energy efficiency science initiative .....	3,891	.....	4,000	4,000	+ 109	+ 4,000	.....
Management and planning .....	14,133	15,090	15,090	15,090	+ 957	.....	.....
Subtotal, Building Technology, State and Community Sector .....	295,142	368,970	415,270	355,270	+ 60,128	- 13,700	- 60,000
<b>Federal Energy Management Program:</b>							
Program activities .....	21,227	8,900	18,900	8,900	- 12,327	.....	- 10,000

Program direction .....	4,434	4,400	4,400	4,400	- 34	.....	.....
Subtotal, Federal Energy Management Program .....	25,661	13,300	23,300	13,300	- 12,361	.....	- 10,000
Industry Sector:							
Industries of the future (specific) .....	72,390	46,424	72,624	72,624	+ 234	+ 26,200	.....
Industries of the future (crosscutting) .....	61,719	31,900	58,900	58,900	- 2,819	+ 27,000	.....
Cooperative programs with States .....	1,996	.....	2,000	2,000	+ 4	+ 2,000	.....
Energy efficiency science initiative .....	3,891	.....	4,000	4,000	+ 109	+ 4,000	.....
Management and planning .....	8,626	9,400	9,400	9,400	+ 774	.....	.....
Subtotal, Industry Sector .....	148,622	87,724	146,924	146,924	- 1,698	+ 59,200	.....
Power Technologies:							
Distributed generation technologies development .....	45,899	45,896	61,896	61,896	+ 15,997	+ 16,000	.....
Management and planning .....	1,447	1,450	1,950	1,950	+ 503	+ 500	.....
Subtotal, Power Technologies .....	47,346	47,346	63,846	63,846	+ 16,500	+ 16,500	.....
Transportation:							
Vehicle technology R&D .....	159,947	126,422	155,122	155,122	- 4,825	+ 28,700	.....
Fuels utilization R&D .....	23,548	20,908	25,908	25,908	+ 2,360	+ 5,000	.....
Materials technologies .....	42,407	30,293	40,293	40,293	- 2,114	+ 10,000	.....
Technology deployment .....	15,107	9,860	13,160	13,160	- 1,947	+ 3,300	.....
Cooperative programs with States .....	1,996	.....	2,000	2,000	+ 4	+ 2,000	.....
Energy efficiency science initiative .....	3,891	.....	4,000	4,000	+ 109	+ 4,000	.....
Management and planning .....	8,501	10,232	10,232	10,232	+ 1,731	.....	.....
Subtotal, Transportation .....	255,397	197,715	250,715	250,715	- 4,682	+ 53,000	.....
Policy and management .....	43,274	40,750	40,750	40,750	- 2,524	.....	.....
Use of Biomass Energy Development funds .....	- 2,000	.....	.....	.....	+ 2,000	.....	.....
Total, Energy Conservation .....	813,442	755,805	940,805	870,805	+ 57,363	+ 115,000	- 70,000
Economic Regulation							
Office of Hearings and Appeals .....	1,996	1,996	1,996	1,996	.....	.....	.....

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001 AND BUDGET ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR 2002—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

Item	2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance	Committee recommendation	Senate Committee recommendation compared with (+ or -)		
					2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance
<b>Strategic Petroleum Reserve</b>							
Storage facilities development and operations .....	148,672	144,009	154,009	144,009	- 4,663	.....	- 10,000
Home heating oil reserve .....	.....	8,000	8,000	8,000	+ 8,000	.....	.....
Management .....	15,965	17,000	17,000	17,000	+ 1,035	.....	.....
Use of SPR Petroleum account .....	- 4,000	.....	.....	.....	+ 4,000	.....	.....
Total, Strategic Petroleum Reserve .....	160,637	169,009	179,009	169,009	+ 8,372	.....	- 10,000
<b>Energy Information Administration</b>							
National Energy Information System .....	75,509	75,499	78,499	75,499	- 10	.....	- 3,000
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY .....	1,453,644	1,502,680	1,796,680	1,739,070	+ 285,426	+ 236,390	- 57,610
<b>DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES</b>							
<b>INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE</b>							
Indian Health Services							
Clinical Services:							
IHS and tribal health delivery:							
Hospital and health clinic programs .....	1,084,173	1,137,711	1,154,711	1,137,711	+ 53,538	.....	- 17,000
Dental health program .....	91,018	95,305	95,305	95,305	+ 4,287	.....	.....
Mental health program .....	45,018	47,142	47,142	47,142	+ 2,124	.....	.....
Alcohol and substance abuse program .....	130,254	135,005	135,005	135,005	+ 4,751	.....	.....
Contract care .....	445,773	445,776	460,776	445,776	+ 3	.....	- 15,000
Subtotal, Clinical Services .....	1,796,236	1,860,939	1,892,939	1,860,939	+ 64,703	.....	- 32,000

NATIONAL CAPITAL ARTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS							
Grants .....	6,985	7,000	7,000	7,000	+ 15		
ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION							
Salaries and expenses .....	3,182	3,310	3,400	3,310	+ 128		- 90
NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION							
Salaries and expenses .....	6,486	7,253	7,253	7,253	+ 767		
UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL							
Holocaust Memorial Museum .....	34,363	36,028	36,028	36,028	+ 1,665		
PRESIDIO TRUST							
Operations .....	23,349	22,427	22,427	23,125	- 224	+ 698	+ 698
Loan authority .....	9,978				- 9,978		
Total, Presidio Trust .....	33,327	22,427	22,427	23,125	- 10,202	+ 698	+ 698
TOTAL, TITLE II, RELATED AGENCIES .....							
Appropriations .....	9,405,566	8,905,511	9,452,292	9,290,352	- 115,214	+ 384,841	- 161,940
Conservation .....	(9,405,566)	(8,660,552)	(9,165,415)	(8,995,475)	(- 410,091)	(+ 334,923)	(- 169,940)
		(244,959)	(286,877)	(294,877)	(+ 294,877)	(+ 49,918)	(+ 8,000)
TITLE VII							
United Mine Workers of America combined benefits fund .....	57,872				- 57,872		
TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR							
Bureau of Land Management .....	2,144,182	1,771,538	1,872,422	1,859,084	- 285,098	+ 87,546	- 13,338
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service .....	1,209,310	1,091,265	1,335,516	1,271,165	+ 61,855	+ 179,900	- 64,351
National Park Service .....	2,133,519	2,517,691	2,284,685	2,294,741	+ 161,222	- 222,950	+ 10,056
United States Geological Survey .....	882,800	813,376	900,489	892,474	+ 9,674	+ 79,098	- 8,015
Minerals Management Service .....	139,221	155,473	155,972	158,051	+ 18,830	+ 2,578	+ 2,079
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement .....	302,846	268,958	306,729	305,590	+ 2,744	+ 36,632	- 1,139
Bureau of Indian Affairs .....	2,137,613	2,203,553	2,213,848	2,230,389	+ 92,776	+ 26,836	+ 16,541
Departmental Offices .....	352,519	345,270	341,902	361,688	+ 9,169	+ 16,418	+ 19,786
General Provisions .....	12,572				- 12,572		

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001 AND BUDGET ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR 2002—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

Item	2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance	Committee recommendation	Senate Committee recommendation compared with (+ or -)		
					2001 appropriation	Budget estimate	House allowance
Total, Title I—Department of the Interior .....	9,314,582	9,167,124	9,411,563	9,373,182	+ 58,600	+ 206,058	- 38,381
<b>TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES</b>							
Forest Service .....	4,393,491	3,732,125	3,914,063	3,815,574	- 577,917	+ 83,449	- 98,489
Department of Energy .....	(1,453,644)	(1,502,680)	(1,796,680)	(1,739,070)	(+ 285,426)	(+ 236,390)	(- 57,610)
Clean Coal Technology .....	- 67,000	.....	.....	.....	+ 67,000	.....	.....
Fossil Energy Research and Development .....	432,464	449,000	579,000	570,390	+ 137,926	+ 121,390	- 8,610
Alternative Fuels Production .....	- 1,000	- 2,000	.....	- 2,000	- 1,000	.....	- 2,000
Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserves .....	1,596	17,371	17,371	17,371	+ 15,775	.....	.....
Elk Hills School Lands Fund .....	36,000	36,000	.....	36,000	.....	.....	+ 36,000
Energy Conservation .....	813,442	755,805	940,805	870,805	+ 57,363	+ 115,000	- 70,000
Economic Regulation .....	1,996	1,996	1,996	1,996	.....	.....	.....
Strategic Petroleum Reserve .....	160,637	169,009	179,009	169,009	+ 8,372	.....	- 10,000
Energy Information Administration .....	75,509	75,499	78,499	75,499	- 10	.....	- 3,000
Indian Health Service .....	2,628,766	2,706,809	2,759,809	2,751,468	+ 122,702	+ 44,659	- 8,341
Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation .....	14,967	15,148	15,148	15,148	+ 181	.....	.....
Institute of American Indian and Alaska Native Culture and Arts Development .....	4,116	4,490	4,490	4,490	+ 374	.....	.....
Smithsonian Institution .....	453,854	494,100	494,100	494,092	+ 40,238	- 8	- 8
National Gallery of Art .....	75,485	80,449	83,187	83,187	+ 7,702	+ 2,738	.....
John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts .....	33,925	34,000	34,000	34,000	+ 75	.....	.....
Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars .....	12,283	7,796	7,796	7,796	- 4,487	.....	.....
National Endowment for the Arts .....	97,785	98,234	98,234	98,234	+ 449	.....	.....
National Endowment for the Humanities .....	119,994	120,504	123,504	125,504	+ 5,510	+ 5,000	+ 2,000
Institute of Museum and Library Services .....	24,852	24,899	26,899	26,899	+ 2,047	+ 2,000	.....
Challenge America Arts Fund .....	6,985	6,985	17,000	17,000	+ 10,015	+ 10,015	.....
Commission of Fine Arts .....	1,076	1,274	1,274	1,174	+ 98	- 100	- 100
National Capital Arts and Cultural Affairs .....	6,985	7,000	7,000	7,000	+ 15	.....	.....
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation .....	3,182	3,310	3,400	3,310	+ 128	.....	- 90
National Capital Planning Commission .....	6,486	7,253	7,253	7,253	+ 767	.....	.....

Holocaust Memorial Council .....	34,363	36,028	36,028	36,028	+ 1,665	.....	.....
Presidio Trust .....	33,327	22,427	22,427	23,125	- 10,202	+ 698	+ 698
Total, Title II—Related Agencies .....	9,405,566	8,905,511	9,452,292	9,290,352	- 115,214	+ 384,841	- 161,940
TITLE VII							
United Mine Workers of America combined benefits fund .....	57,872	.....	.....	.....	- 57,872	.....	.....
Grand total, Fiscal Year 2001 .....	18,778,020	18,072,635	18,863,855	18,663,534	- 114,486	+ 590,899	- 200,321
Appropriations .....	(18,778,020)	(16,816,892)	(17,543,855)	(17,343,534)	(- 1,434,486)	(+ 526,642)	(- 200,321)
Conservation .....	.....	(1,255,743)	(1,320,000)	(1,320,000)	(+ 1,320,000)	(+ 64,257)	.....

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